

Skills progression taken from the Kapow - condensed computing curriculum - Covering the three National Curriculum areas of;

CS - Computer Science / IT - Information Technology / DL - Digital Literacy

And the Kapow areas of learning;

Computing Systems and networks / Programming / Creating Media / Data Handling / Online Safety.

As this is the first year on the condensed curriculum following transitioning to Kapow scheme - Year 4/5 and 5/6 split classes will mirror curriculum only with 5/6 completing the skills showcase in Summer 2 term.

Items in Red are not from the Kapow scheme but added elements

CS - Computer	Science		
•	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2
Hardware	Learning how to operate a camera and	Learning how to operate a camera or tablet	Understanding what a computer is and that
	tablet to take photographs of meaningful creations or moments.	to take photos and videos.	it is made up of different components.
		Learning how to explore and tinker with	Recognising that buttons cause effects and
	Learning how to explore and tinker with hardware to develop familiarity and	hardware to find out how it works.	that technology follows instructions.
	introduce relevant vocabulary.	Learning where keys are located on the keyboard.	Learning how we know that technology is doing what we want it to do via its output.
	Recognising and identifying familiar letters	3	
	and numbers on a keyboard.		Developing confidence with the keyboard and the basics of touch typing.
	Developing basic mouse skills such as moving and clicking.		3 31 3
Computational	Using logical reasoning to understand simple	Learning that decomposition means breaking	Articulating what decomposition is.
thinking	instructions and predict the outcome.	a problem down into smaller parts.	
<b>.</b>		·	Decomposing a game to predict the
		Using decomposition to solve unplugged	algorithms used to create it.



		challenges.	
		Using logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs.	Learning that there are different levels of abstraction.
		3 1 1 3	Explaining what an algorithm is.
		Developing the skills associated with	
		sequencing in unplugged activities.	Following an algorithm.
		Following a basic set of instructions.	Creating a clear and precise algorithm.
		Assembling instructions into a simple algorithm.	
Programming	Following instructions as part of practical	Programming a floor robot to follow a	Using logical thinking to explore software,
	activities and games	planned route.	predicting, testing and explaining what it does.
	Learning to give simple instructions.	Learning to debug instructions when things	
		go wrong.	Using an algorithm to write a basic
	Learning to debug instructions, with the help		computer program.
	of an adult, when things go wrong.	Learning to debug an algorithm in an	
		unplugged scenario	



CS - Computer S	Science		
•	Year 3	Year 4	
Computational thinking	Using decomposition to explain the parts of a laptop computer.	Using decomposition to solve a problem by finding out what code was used.	
	Using decomposition to explore the code behind an animation.	Using decomposition to understand the purpose of a script of code.	
	Using repetition in programs.	Identifying patterns through unplugged activities.	
	Using logical reasoning to explain how		
	simple algorithms works.	Using abstraction to identify the important parts when completing both plugged and	
	Explaining the purpose of an algorithm.	unplugged activities.	
	Forming algorithms independently.		
Programming	Using logical thinking to explore more complex software; predicting, testing and	Creating algorithms for a specific purpose.	
	explaining what it does.	Coding a simple game.	
	Incorporating loops to make code more efficient.	Using abstraction and pattern recognition to modify code.	
	Continuing existing code.	Incorporating variables to make code more efficient.	
Hardware	Understanding what the different	Using tablets or digital cameras to film a	



	components of a computer do and how they work together.	weather forecast.	
	Drawing comparisons across different types of computers.	Understanding that weather stations use sensors to gather and record data which predicts the weather.	
	Learning about the purpose of routers.		
Networks and data representation	Understanding the role of the key components of a network.  Indentifying the key components within a network, including whether they are wired or wireless.  Understanding that websites and videos are files that are shared from one computer to another.  Learning about the role of packets.  Understanding how networks work and their purpose.	Understanding that computer networks provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and opportunities for communication and collaboration.	
	Recognising links between networks and the internet.		
	Learning how data is transferred.		



CS - Computer S	Science		
	Year 4/5	Year 5/6	Year 6
Computational	Decomposing animations into a series of	Decomposing animations into a series of	Decomposing a program into an algorithm.
thinking	images.	images.	
J			Using past experiences to help solve new
	Decomposing a story to be able to plan a	Decomposing a story to be able to plan a	problems.
	program to tell a story.	program to tell a story.	
			Writing increasingly complex algorithms for
	Predicting how software will work based on	Predicting how software will work based on	a purpose.
	previous experience.	previous experience.	
	Writing more complex algorithms for a	Writing more complex algorithms for a	
	purpose.	purpose.	
Programming	Iterating and developing their programming	Iterating and developing their programming	Debugging quickly and effectively to make a
g. au.ug	as they work.	as they work.	program more efficient.
			1 - 3
	Confidently using loops in their	Confidently using loops in their	Remixing existing code to explore a problem.
	programming.	programming.	
			Using and adapting nested loops.
	Using a more systematic approach to	Using a more systematic approach to	
	debugging code, justifying what is wrong	debugging code, justifying what is wrong	Programming using the language Python.
	and how it can be corrected.	and how it can be corrected.	
			Changing a program to personalise it.
	Writing code to create a desired effect.	Writing code to create a desired effect.	
			Evaluating code to understand its purpose.
	Using a range of programming commands.	Using a range of programming commands.	



			Predicting code and adapting it to a chosen
	Using repetition within a program.	Using repetition within a program.	purpose.
Hardware	Learning that external devices can be	Learning that external devices can be	Learning about the history of computers and
	programmed by a separate computer.	programmed by a separate computer.	how they have evolved over time.
			Using the understanding of historic computers to design a computer of the future.
			Understanding and identifying barcodes, QR codes and RFID
			Identifying devices and applications that can scan or read barcodes, QR codes and RFID.
Networks and	Learning the vocabulary associated with	Learning the vocabulary associated with	N/A
data	data: data and transmit.	data: data and transmit.	
representation			
	Recognising that computers transfer data in	Recognising that computers transfer data in	
	binary and understanding simple binary	binary and understanding simple binary	
	addition.	addition.	
	Learning that messages can be sent by	Learning that messages can be sent by	
	binary code, reading binary up to eight	binary code, reading binary up to eight	
	characters and carrying out binary	characters and carrying out binary	
	calculations.	calculations.	



II - Informati	on Technology		
	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2
Using software	Using a simple online or loaded point tool to create digital art.	Using a basic range of tools within graphic editing software.	Developing word processing skills, including altering text, copying and pasting and using keyboard
		Taking and editing photographs.	shortcuts.
		Developing control of the mouse through dragging, clicking and resizing of images to create different effects.	Using word processing software to type and reformat text.
		Developing understanding of different software tools.	Using software (and unplugged means) to create story animations.
			Creating and labelling images.
Using email	Understanding that devices are connected to	Recognising devices that are connected to the	Searching for appropriate images to
and internet	others through discussion and demonstration	internet.	use in a document.
searches	- ie - taking registers / use of Youtube.		
		Understanding that we are connected to others when using the internet.	
Using data	Representing data through sorting and categorising objects in unplugged scenarios.	Representing data through sorting and categorising objects in unplugged scenarios.  Cross curricular maths links	Collecting and inputting data into a spreadsheet
	Exploring branch databases through practical games.		Interpreting data from a spreadsheet.
Wider use of	Discussion on uses of technology - cameras,	Recognising common uses of information technology,	Learning how computers are used in
technology	tablets, pc's, internet searches.	including beyond school.	the wider world.
		Understanding some of the ways we can use the	



		internet.	
IT - Informati	on Technology		
	Year 3	Year 4	
Using software	Taking photographs and recording video to tell a story.	Use online software for documents, presentations, forms and spreadsheets.	
	Using software to edit and enhance their video adding music, sounds and text on screen with transitions.	Using software to work collaboratively with others.	
Using email and internet searches.	Example and discussion of usage of internet searches. Finding out / research for topic based learning.	Understanding why some results come before others when searching.	
		Understanding that information found by searching the internet is not all grounded in fact.	
		Searching the internet for data	
Using data	Collecting and inputting data unplugged formats	Understanding that data is used to forecast weather.	
	Mathematics cross curricular Interpreting data from a unplugged data	Recording data in a spreadsheet independently.	
	gathering.	Sorting data in a spreadsheet to compare using the 'sort by' option.	
		Designing a device which gathers and records sensor data.	
Wider use of	Recognising how social media platforms are	Understand that software can be used collaboratively	
technology	used to interact.	online to work as a team.	



11 - Injormati	on Technology	T	T
	Year 4/5	Year 5/6	Year 6
Using software	Using logical thinking to explore software more independently, making predictions based on their previous experience.	Using logical thinking to explore software more independently, making predictions based on their previous experience.	Using logical thinking to explore software independently, iterating ideas and testing continuously.
	Using software programme Sonic Pi/Scratch to create music.	Using software programme Sonic Pi/Scratch to create music.	Using search and word processing skills to create a presentation.
	Using the video editing software to animate.	Using the video editing software to animate.	
	Identify ways to improve and edit programs, videos, images etc.	Identify ways to improve and edit programs, videos, images etc.	
	Independently learning how to use 3D design software package Tinker CAD	Independently learning how to use 3D design software package Tinker CAD	
Using email and internet searches.	Developing searching skills to help find relevant information on the internet.	Developing searching skills to help find relevant information on the internet.	Understanding how search engines work.
Using data	Understanding how data is collected in remote or dangerous places.	Understanding how data is collected in remote or dangerous places.	Understanding how barcodes, QR codes and RFID work.
	Understanding how data might be used to tell us about a location.	Understanding how data might be used to tell us about a location.	Gathering and analysing data in real time.
			Creating formulas and sorting data within spreadsheets.



Wider	use	of
techno	logy	J

Learn about different forms of communication that have developed with the use of technology

Learn about different forms of communication that have developed with the use of technology

Learning how 'big data' can be used to solve a problem or improve efficiency.

DL - Digital Literacy		
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2
Recognising that a range of technology is used for different purposes.	Logging in and out and saving work on their own account.	Learning how to create a strong password.
33 1 1		Understanding how to say safe when talking to
Learning to log in and log out.	When using the internet to search for images, learning what to do if they come across something online that worries them or makes them feel uncomfortable.	people online and what to do if they see or hear something online that makes them feel upset or uncomfortable.
	Understanding how to interact safely with others online.	Identifying whether information is safe or unsafe to be shared online.
	Recognising how actions on the internet can affect others.	Learning to be respectful of others when sharing online and ask for their permission before sharing content.
	Recognising what a digital footprint is and how to be careful about what we post.	Learning strategies for checking if something they read online is true.



DL - Digital Literacy		
Year 3	Year 4	
Recognising that different information is shared	Recognising that information on the internet might	
online including facts, beliefs and opinions.	not be true or correct and that some sources are	
	more trustworthy than others.	
Learning how to identify reliable information when		
searching online.	Learning to make judgements about the accuracy	
	of online searches.	
Learning how to stay safe on social media.		
	Identifying forms of advertising online.	
Considering the impact technology can have on		
mood.	Recognising what appropriate behaviour is when	
	collaborating with others online.	
Learning about cyber-bulling.		
	Reflecting on the positives and negatives of time	
Learning that not all emails are genuine,	spent online.	
recognising when an email might be fake and what		
to do about it.	Identifying respectful and disrespectful online	
	behaviour.	



DL - Digital Literacy		
Year 4/5	Year 5/6	Year 6
Identifying possible dangers online and learning how to stay safe.	Identifying possible dangers online and learning how to stay safe.	Learning about the positive and negative impacts of sharing online.
Evaluating the pros and cons of online communication.	Evaluating the pros and cons of online communication.	Learning strategies to create a positive online reputation.
Recognising that information on the internet might not be true or correct and learning ways of checking validity.	Recognising that information on the internet might not be true or correct and learning ways of checking validity.	Understanding the importance of secure passwords and how to create them.
Learning what to do if they experience bullying online.	Learning what to do if they experience bullying online.	Learning strategies to capture evidence of online bullying in order to seek help.
Learning to use an online community safely.	Learning to use an online community safely.	Using search engines safely and effectively.
		Recognising that updated software can help to prevent date corruption and hacking.



EYFS	systems an Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 4/5	Year 5/6	Year 6
To be able to	To know that "log	To know the	To know what a	To understand	To know how	To know how	To understand the
understand what	in and log out"	difference between	tablet is and	that software can	search engines	search engines	importance of
a computer	means to begin	a desktop and	how it is different	be used	work.	work.	having a secure
keyboard is and	and end a	laptop computer.	from a	collaboratively			password and
recognising some	connection with		laptop/desktop	online to work as	To understand	To understand	what "brute force
letters and	a computer.	To know that	computer.	a team.	that anyone can	that anyone can	hacking" is.
numbers.	'	people control	'		create a website	create a website	
	To know that a	technology.	To understand	To know that you	and therefore we	and therefore we	To know that the
To know that a	computer and		what a network is	can use images,	should take steps	should take steps	first computers
mouse can be	mouse can be	To know that	and how a school	text, transitions	to check the	to check the	were created
used to click, drag	used to click,	buttons are a	network might be	and animation in	validity of	validity of	at Bletchley Park
and create simple	drag, fill and	form of input that	organised.	presentation	websites.	websites.	to crack the
drawings.	select and also	give a computer		slides.			Enigma code to
	add backgrounds,	an instruction	To know how the		To understand	To understand	help the war effor
To know that to	text, layers,	about what to do	internet uses		what copyright is.	what copyright is.	in World War 2.
use a computer	shapes and	(output).	networks to share				
you need to log	clip art.		files.		To know the	To know the	
in to it and then		To know that			difference between	difference between	
log out at the end	To know that	computers often	To know what a		ROM and RAM.	ROM and RAM.	
of your session.	passwords are	work together.	packet is and why				
	important for		it is important for				
To know that	security.		website data				
different types of			transfer.				
technology can be	To know that						
found at home	when we create		To know the roles				
and in school.	something on a		that inputs and				
	computer it can be		outputs play on				
To know that you	more easily saved		computers.				
can take simple	and shared than a						



photographs with	paper version.	To know what		
a camera or iPad.		some of the		
	To know some of	different		
To know that you	the simple graphic	components inside		
must hold the	design features of	a computer are		
camera still and	a piece of online	e.g. CPU, RAM,		
ensure the subject	software.	hard drive, and		
is in the shot to		how they work		
take a photo.		together.		

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 4/5	Year 5/6	Year 6
To know that	To understand	To understand	To know that	To understand	To know that a	To know that a	To know that
being able to	that an algorithm	what machine	Scratch is a	that a variable is	soundtrack is	soundtrack	there are text-
follow and give	is when	learning is and	programming	a value that can	music for a	is music for a	based rogramming
simple instructions	instructions are	how that enables	language and	change (depending	film/video and	film/video and	languages such as
is important in	put in an	computers to	some of its basic	on conditions) and	that one way of	that one way of	Logo and Python.
computing.	exact order.	make predictions.	functions.	know that you	composing these is	composing these is	
				can create them in	on programming	on programming	To know that
To understand	To understand	To know that	To understand	Scratch.	software.	software.	nested loops are
that it is	that	abstraction is the	how to use				loops inside of
important for	decomposition	removing of	loops to improve	To know what a	To understand	To understand	loops.
instructions to be	means breaking a	unnecessary detail	programming.	conditional	that using loops	that using loops	
in the right order.	problem into	to help solve a		statement is in	can make the	can make the	
	manageable	problem.	To understand	programming.	process of writing	process of writing	
To understand	chunks and that it		how		music simpler and	music simpler and	
why a set of	is important in	To know that	decomposition is	To understand	more effective.	more effective.	
instructions may	computing.	coding is writing	used in	that pattern			
have gone wrong.		in a special	programming.	recognition means			
, J	To know that we	language so that		identifying			



call	errors in an	the computer	To understand	patterns to help		
algo	orithm 'bugs'	understands	that you can	them work out		
and	l fixing these	what to do.	remix and adapt	how the code		
'debi	ougging'.		existing code.	works.		
		To understand	•			
Tou	understand the	that the character		To understand		
basio	ic functions of	in ScratchJr is		that algorithms		
a Be	ee-Bot.	controlled by the		can be used for		
		programming		a number of		
Tok	know that you	blocks.		purposes e.g.		
can	use a			animation, games		
came	nera/tablet to	To know that you		design etc.		
mak	ke simple	can write a				
video	eos.	program to create				
		a musical				
Tok	know that	instrument or tell				
algo	orithms move a	a joke.				
	-bot accurately	-				
to a	ı chosen					
desti	tination.					

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 4/5	Year 5/6	Year 6
With support to	To understand	N/A	To know that	N/A	To understand	To understand	N/A
hold a camera /	that holding the		different types of		that stop motion	that stop motion	
tablet to take a	camera still		camera shots can		animation is an	animation is an	
photograph of	and considering		make my photos		animation filmed	animation filmed	
something of	angles and light		or videos look		one frame at a	one frame at a	
interest.	are important to		more effective.		time using models	, time using models,	
	take good				and with tiny	and with tiny	
	pictures.		To know that I		changes between	changes between	
			can edit photos		each photograph.	each photograph.	
	To know that you		and videos using				
	can edit, crop and		film editing		To know that	To know that	
	filter photographs.		software.		decomposition of	decomposition of	
					an idea is	an idea is	
	To know how to		To understand		important when	important when	
	search safely for		that I can add		creating stop-	creating stop-	
	images online.		transitions and		motion	motion	
			text to my video.		animations.	animations.	
					To know that	To know that	
					editing is an	editing is an	
					important feature	important feature	
					of making and	of making and	
					improving a stop	improving a stop	
					motion animation	motion animation.	

Data hand	lling						
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 4/5	Year 5/6	Year 6
To know that	N/A	To understand	N/A	To know that	To know that	To know that	To know that date
sorting objects		that you can enter		computers can use	Mars Rover is a	Mars Rover is a	contained within
into various		simple data into		different forms of	motor vehicle that	motor vehicle that	barcodes and QR
categories can		a spreadsheet.		input to sense the	collects data from	collects data from	codes can be used
help you locate		·		world around	space by taking	space by taking	by computers.
information.		To understand		them so that they	photos and	photos and	
		what steps you		can record and	examining samples	examining samples	To know that
To know that		need to take to		respond to data.	of rock.	of rock.	Radio Frequency
using yes/no		create an		This is called			Identification
questions to find		algorithm.		'sensor data'.	To know what	To know what	(RFID) is a more
an answer is a					numbers using	numbers using	private way of
branching		To know what		To know that a	binary code look	binary code look	transmitting data.
database.		data to use to		weather machine	like and be able to	like and be able to	J
		answer certain		is an automated	identify how	identify how	To know that date
		questions.		machine that	messages can be	messages can be	is often encrypted
				responds to sensor	sent in this	sent in this	so that even if it
		To know that		data.	format.	format.	is stolen it is not
		computers can be					useful to the thief.
		used to monitor		To understand	To know what	To know what	
		supplies.		that weather	simple operations	simple operations	
				forecasters use	can be used to	can be used to	
				specific language,	calculate bit	calculate bit	
				expression and	patterns.	patterns.	
				pre-prepared	·		
				scripts to help			
				create weather			
				forecast films.			



Online safe		T.,	T., -	T	 		
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 4/5	Year 5/6	Year 6
To know that you	To know that the	To understand the	To know that not	To understand	To know different	To know different	To know that a
should tell a	internet is many	difference between	everything on the	some of the	ways, we can	ways we can	'digital footprint'
trusted adult if	devices connected	online and offline.	internet is true:	methods used to	communicate	communicate	means the
you feel unsafe or	to one another.		people share facts,	encourage people	online.	online.	information that
worried.		To understand	beliefs and pinions	to buy things			exists on the
	To know that you	what information,	online.	online.	To understand	To understand	internet as a result
To know that	should tell a	I should not post			how online	how online	of a person's
people ou do not	trusted adult if	online.	To understand	To understand	information can	information can	online activity.
know on the	you feel unsafe or		that the internet	that technology	be used to form	be used to form	
internet are	worried online.	To know what the	can affect your	can be designed to	judgements.	judgements.	To know what
strangers.		techniques are for	moods and	act like or			steps are required
	To know that	creating a strong	feelings.	impersonate living	To understand	To understand	to capture
	people you do not	password.		things.	some ways to deal	some ways	bullying content
	know on the		To know that		with online	to deal with online	as evidence.
	internet (online)	To know that you	privacy settings	To understand	bullying.	bullying.	
	are strangers and	should ask	limit who can	that technology			To understand
	are not always	permission from	access your	can be a	To know that	To know that	that it is
	who they say they	others before	important	distraction and	apps require	apps require	important to
	are.	sharing about	personal	identify when	permission to	permission to	manage personal
		them online and	information	someone might	access private	access private	passwords
	To know that to	that they have the	Information, such	need to limit the	information and	information and	effectively.
	stay safe online it	right to say 'no.'	as your name,	amount of time	that you can alter	that you can alter	
	is important to		age, gender etc.	spent using	the permissions.	the permissions.	To understand
	keep personal	To understand		technology.			what it means to
	information safe.	that not	To know what		To know where I	To know where I	have a positive
		everything I see or	social media is	To understand	can go for	can go for support	online reputation.
	To know that	read online is true.	and that age	what behaviours	support if I am	if I am being	
	'sharing online		restrictions	are appropriate in	being bullied	bullied online or	To know some
	means giving		apply.	order to stay safe	online or feel that	feel that my	common
	something specific			and be respectful	my health is being	health is being	online scams.
	to someone else			online.	 affected by time	affected by time	



via the internet			online.	online.	
and 'posting'					
online means					
placing					
information on the					
internet.					